Employment Law

Topic Development Ideas

Classes might want to learn more about...

- employment equity
- employment standards, including safe working conditions and practices, layoffs, and vacation pay
- legal deductions from earnings (e.g., tax, employment insurance, union dues)
- legal issues of harassment, including what constitutes harassment
- Ontario Human Rights Code
- rules, regulations, and restrictions regarding filing claims with Employment Insurance and the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board
- WHMIS (Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System) and its legal requirements

Strategies for Learners

Learners find it useful to...

- ask for help from agencies providing immigrant services
- ask legal agency for assistance in reporting safety violations to authorities
- copy words from workplace signs and written information and use bilingual dictionary or translation to clarify
- get assistance from a fellow worker who speaks the same language
- match words from simplified WHMIS materials to signs and words on containers in workplace
- seek government services including legal aid in case of job loss due to discrimination or refusal to work in unsafe conditions
- use repetition and clarification to ensure message is received

Resources for Developing and Teaching Topic

- A Canadian Conversation Book, Book Two: Unit 7, "Jobs"
- Day by Day: Unit 5, "Employee Rights"
- More Picture Stories: Unit 3, "D3 to E4"; Unit 10, "OK, No Job"
- Ontario Reader 1997: "Minimum wage still \$6.85"
- Picture Stories: Unit 5, "Four-Day Job"
- The ESL Tool Box: Unit 5, "Read On"
- The Oxford Picture Dictionary, Canadian Edition: Unit 11, "Work"
- lt's Your Right
- guest speaker from community legal clinic
- & Community Legal Education Ontario: http://www.cleo.on.ca
- Mario Human Rights Commission: http://www.ohrc.on.ca
- Ministry of Labour: http://www.gov.on.ca/LAB/es/ese.htm
- Settlement.org: http://www.settlement.org (Employment, Employment Standards)
- Workplace Safety and Insurance Board: http://www.wsib.on.ca
- pemployment laws Ontario



Employment Law

Topic Outcomes (CLB 2)

Possible outcomes for this topic:

- indicate communication problems with employer in a number of ways
- make and respond to simple requests
- sive and respond to warnings in the workplace
- sive a basic description of a workplace violation
- identify a range of expressions used to ask for repetition and clarification
- identify a range of expressions used to request assistance, express and respond to requests, express warnings
- identify details in a listening text about a workplace problem: time references, places, keywords, short expressions
- get information from a very basic text of up to seven sentences
- give a basic description of a workplace violation by filling in short five- to six-sentence guided texts or by answering five to six simple questions

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary (overtime, discrimination, coffee break, vacation pay, union)
- vocabulary related to safety (dangerous, fall, ladder, wear gloves, goggles, chemicals)
- expressions for indicating communication problems (I don't understand, Please repeat that)
- modals for requests (can, could)
- questions: yes/no, wh-
- verb tenses: simple present, simple past
- pronunciation: /w/ and /v/ contrast (ways/vase; west/vest; went/vent)

Sample Tasks

- 1. Role-play reporting an error on a paycheque to the employer.
- 2. Listen to a simple description of a problem in the workplace. Answer multiple-choice questions.
 - **Experienced:** Use Windows Media Player to listen to the description in Language Task 2 by opening an instructor-made sound file (recorded with Windows Sound Recorder). Repeat as many times as necessary. Discuss the problem in pairs and suggest a solution.
 - Skills: (Windows Media Player) Open, Controls, Peripherals (Speakers, Headset)
- 3. Read about a problem in the workplace and decide if laws have been violated by referring to a short list of common workplace violations.
- 4. Look at a picture of a problem in a workplace. Fill in blanks in sentences describing the picture.
 - Novice: Word-process Language Task 4. Insert the date, preview, and print.
 - **Experienced:** Create a page border for the Novice activity. Follow instructions to change style, width, and shading.
 - Skills: Insert Date and Time, Insert/Edit Borders and Shading, Print Preview, Print

LINC 1-5 283

Landlords & Tenants

Topic Development Ideas

Classes might want to learn more about...

- collecting the interest on the last month's rent deposit
- evictions
- filing a claim about discrimination with the Ontario Human Rights Commission
- getting maintenance or repairs done
- illegal fees (e.g., key money)
- landlord and tenant rights and responsibilities
- laws concerning rent increases
- legal significance of a lease
- pets in apartments
- subletting
- tenants' associations
- terminating a lease

Strategies for Learners

Learners find it useful to...

- ask for translation or explanation of lease before signing
- document problems with landlord
- seek legal advice for serious housing problems

Resources for Developing and Teaching Topic

- A Canadian Conversation Book, Book Two: Unit 3, "Housing"
- Canadian Concepts 2, Second Edition: Unit 8, "At Home"
- English for Living and Working in Canada: Unit 5, "Housing"
- Interchange 2: Unit 2, "That's Outrageous"
- Side by Side 1, Second Edition: Unit 7, "Is There a Stove in the Kitchen?" "How Many Bedrooms Are There in the Apartment?"
- The Oxford Picture Dictionary, Canadian Edition: Unit 3, "Housing"
- It's Your Right: "Tenant's Rights"
- The Tenant's Survival Manual
- community legal clinics and tenant federations
- CERA (Centre for Equality Rights in Accommodation): http://www.equalityrights.org/cera
- CLEO (Community Legal Education Ontario): http://www.cleo.on.ca
- Ontario Human Rights Commission: http://www.ohrc.on.ca
- Ontario Rental Housing Tribunal: http://www.orht.gov.on.ca
- Settlement.org: http://www.settlement.org (Housing, Landlord and Tenant Rights)
- landlord tenant Ontario



Landlords & Tenants

Topic Outcomes (CLB 2)

Possible outcomes for this topic:

- indicate communication problems with a landlord in a number of ways
- make and respond to simple requests
- give basic personal information
- sive a basic description of a housing problem
- identify a range of expressions used to ask for repetition and clarification
- identify a range of expressions used to request assistance, express and respond to requests
- identify details in a short conversation between a landlord and a tenant: numbers, letters, time references, places, keywords, short expressions
- get information from a very basic text of up to seven sentences
- give a basic description by filling in blanks in a short five- to six-sentence guided text or by answering five to six simple questions

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary for house or apartment (landlord, utilities, appliances, deposit, furnished, parking, lease)
- expressions for indicating communication problems (*I didn't understand, Can you repeat that, please*)
- adjectives (large, crowded, clean, dirty)
- modals for requests (can, could)
- prepositions of location
- verb tenses: simple present, future using *going to*
- pronunciation: vowel contrasts (/I/ in; /æ/, at, /ɛ/ next)

Sample Tasks

- 1. Describe housing problems illustrated in pictures and practice making requests to have them fixed.
- 2. Listen to a dialogue between a landlord and tenant and answer questions.
- 3. Read a list of housing issues. Indicate whether they are the landlord's or the tenant's responsibility.
- 4. Complete a simple dialogue about a housing problem between a landlord and a tenant by filling in the blanks in a short guided text.
 - Novice: Word-process Language Task 4. Use the increase and decrease indent buttons to separate the speakers. Print preview and print.

Skills: Keyboarding, Increase/Decrease Indent, Print Preview, Print

LINC 1-5 285

Police

Topic Development Ideas

Classes might want to learn more about...

- cultural differences in policing
- giving a statement to the police
- informing police of lost or stolen identification documents, including driver's licence
- Language Line Services and 911 services
- levels of police: RCMP, OPP, local police forces
- police spot checks
- proper use of 911 and other emergency numbers
- reporting accidents
- rights and responsibilities in case of arrest

Strategies for Learners

Learners find it useful to...

- ask neighbours for help in emergency situations
- educate children about calling 911
- get to know neighbours
- keep emergency numbers next to the phone
- keep photocopies of personal papers and identification in case of loss
- request translation when dealing with the police
- take photo to police to help with identification of missing person or article
- use pantomime and gestures to explain problems

Resources for Developing and Teaching Topic

- A Conversation Book 1, Revised Third Edition: Unit 7, "Community"
- LINC Classroom Activities, LINC 2: "Housing"
- Ontario Reader 1997: "Police in Ontario," "Newcomer gets job of his dreams," "New police officers have diverse backgrounds"
- The Oxford Picture Dictionary, Canadian Edition: Unit 7, "Community"
- brochures on crime prevention and safety
- © CLB Listening/Speaking Resource: Stage I, Health dialogue 21
- guest speaker from local police station
- 911: http://www.greycounty.on.ca/Departments/Highways/911.htm (What happens when you dial 911?)
- Niagara Regional Police Service: http://www.nrps.com/nrpsweb (Education)
- Mario Provincial Police: http://www.gov.on.ca/opp
- RCMP: http://www.rcmp.gc.ca
- Settlement.org: http://www.settlement.org (Legal Information and Human Rights, Police)
- police Ontario



Topic Outcomes (CLB 2)

Possible outcomes for this topic:

- ♠ make and respond to simple requests
- sive expanded basic personal information
- give a basic description of a problem
- identify a range of expressions used to request assistance, express and respond to requests, express warnings
- identify details in a listening text about a crime: numbers, time references, places, keywords, short expressions
- get information from short police pamphlets
- get information from a very basic text of up to seven sentences
- give a basic description of a problem or event by filling in a short five- to six-sentence text or by answering five to six questions

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary (beat up, crime, accident, rob, thief, criminal, fighting, stolen)
- vocabulary to describe people, objects, or the scene of a crime (tall, heavy, smashed, broken, cut, damaged)
- expressions to advise of danger (Be careful, Don't move, Get out quickly)
- modals for requests (can, could)
- prepositions: location, movement
- there is/there are
- verbs: be, has, need
- simple past tense
- pronunciation: -ed endings /t/(looked),
 /d/ (robbed), /əd/ (shouted)

Sample Tasks

- 1. Work with a partner. Look at pictures of emergencies. Take turns stating the problem, giving personal information, and asking for assistance.
- 2. Listen to a dialogue of someone reporting a crime. Complete sentences by filling in blanks.
 - **Experienced:** Use the Windows Sound Recorder. Work with a partner to practice and record a crime report dialogue, as in Language Task 2. Play back the dialogue for the class.
 - Skills: (Windows Sound Recorder) Controls, Save, Peripherals (Microphone, Speakers, Headset)
- 3. Read a story about police services. Find errors in sentences about the story and correct.
- 4. Look at a picture of an accident or crime scene. Describe the scene by filling in blanks in sentences.
 - Novice: Word-process Language Task 4. Underline the words in blanks. Print for peer evaluation.

Skills: Keyboarding, Underline, Print

LINC 1-5 287