Emergencies

Topic Development Ideas	Strategies for Learners
Classes might want to learn more about	Learners find it useful to
• basic first-aid techniques	• ask for service in own language
 charges for some emergency services (e.g., ambulance, fire department) 	 call an English-speaking friend or family member for help
• dangers around the home and at work (e.g.,	• know the names of medication being taken
poisonous substances, electrical or fire hazards)	• learn symbols on medicine bottles, cleaning
• direct-dial emergency numbers (e.g., 911)	supplies, and signs
• emergency contact numbers for school or work	• learn the location of hospital emergency
• fire-evacuation procedures	departments and walk-in clinics in own area
• first-aid kits	 make a list of emergency phone numbers from the telephone directory and place near
• importance of always carrying health card	telephone at home
• medic alert bracelets	• use bilingual dictionary to understand
• Telehealth Ontario 1-866-797-0000	vocabulary in flyers, signs, and labels
• what constitutes an emergency	

Resources for Developing and Teaching Topic

- 💐 A Canadian Conversation Book, Book One: Unit 8, "Health"
- English Extra: Unit 7, "This is an Emergency"
- The Oxford Picture Dictionary, Canadian Edition: Unit 6, "Health"
- 🛱 fire department or ambulance station may offer a guided tour
- Suest speaker from emergency services (ambulance, fire department, police)
- ֎ ELLIS Intro Health Concerns Lessons 3, 4
- Settlement.org: http://www.settlement.org (Health, Emergency Services)
- \mathcal{P} health emergencies



Emergencies

Topic Outcomes (CLB 1)

Possible outcomes for this topic:

- Indicate comprehension problems
- ♥ request assistance in an emergency
- give basic personal information to emergency services personnel
- follow simple two- to five-word instructions, positive and negative commands
- identify expressions used to attract attention and request assistance
- identify factual details in a listening text: numbers, letters, a few keywords
- understand common emergency signs and symbols
- get information from a very basic text of up to five sentences

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary (emergency, ambulance, accident, sick, hurt, cut, bleeding, poison, choking)
- vocabulary for giving personal information (*name, address, intersection, phone number*)
- numbers
- expressions for attracting attention and requesting assistance (*Help, I need an ambulance, Excuse me*)
- imperatives (Call 911, Don't move, Stay here)
- verb be
- pronunciation: /æ/ (accident, ambulance, address) and /ey/ (day, name, age)

Sample Tasks

- 1. Role-play calling 911 to ask for help.
- 2. Listen to a dialogue of someone calling 911. Fill in blanks on a worksheet with the address and telephone number.
- 3. Match emergency vocabulary to corresponding pictures (e.g., *bleeding, accident, choking*).
- 4. Complete a simple table with emergency phone numbers copied from phone directory to post beside home telephone.
 - **Novice:** Open an instructor-made file containing a table for Language Task 4 and fill in the blanks. Save, preview, and print.

Skills: Open, Keyboarding, Save As, Print Preview, Print

Experienced: Create a table as in Language Task 4. Format the table by using the Table Toolbar to shade cells and change the line style of the cells and table borders.

Skills: Insert Table, Borders and Shading, Table Toolbar

LINC 1

Food & Nutrition

Topic Development Ideas

Classes might want to learn more about...

- Canada's Food Guide
- cultural differences concerning food and nutrition
- cultural differences in dining practices
- food allergies
- metric, imperial, and American measurements
- nutrition for all age groups
- nutrition labelling (e.g., fat content, caloric value)
- safe handling, storage, and preparation of food
- ways to save money while eating nutritionally
- where to buy ethnic food

Strategies for Learners

Learners find it useful to ...

- bring pictures of food or labels to grocery stores when looking for items
- observe and talk to others about different dining practices and ways to prepare food
- read food labels to learn vocabulary for ingredients
- use supermarket flyers to learn about different kinds of food

Resources for Developing and Teaching Topic

- A Canadian Conversation Book, Book One: Unit 5, "Shopping"
- Sasic Grammar in Action: Unit 9, "Food"
- Second Edition: Unit 8, "How Much Is It?"
- English Extra: Unit 3, "Can we buy some ice cream?"
- Foundations: Unit 8, "Food, Supermarkets, Restaurants"
- Solution (1997) New Interchange Intro: Unit 9, "Broccoli is good for you"
- 📚 Ontario Reader 1998: "Urban farmers"
- 📚 The Oxford Picture Dictionary, Canadian Edition: Unit 4, "Food"
- local supermarket or outdoor market
- 🗣 public health nurse
- € ELLIS Intro Shopping for Food and Clothing; Vocabulary Review food sections
- Health Canada Online: <u>http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca</u>



Food & Nutrition

Topic Outcomes (CLB 1)

Possible outcomes for this topic:

- ♥ give two- to three-word basic everyday instructions for preparing food
- sive basic personal information
- follow simple two- to five-word instructions for preparing food
- use a simplified diagram or table
- understand common signs and symbols in the grocery store
- copy numbers, letters, words, short phrases from a recipe or flyer
- describe personal situation by filling in blanks in a short three- to five-sentence guided text

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary (*milk*, *meat*, *fish*, *bread*, *cereal*, *fruits*, *vegetables*, *cut*, *bake*, *cook*, *mix*)
- numbers, including fractions
- adjectives for colour, shape, and texture
- imperatives
- nouns: count, non-count
- partitives
- verbs: *like, be*
- pronunciation: voiced, voiceless, and sibilant -s endings /z/ (*peas*), /s/ (*grapes*), /əz/ (*peaches*)

Sample Tasks

- 1. Survey classmates to complete a table of their names and their favourite foods.
- 2. Listen to verbal instructions for a very simple recipe. Complete blanks in a worksheet.
- 3. Work with a partner and make a poster of Canada's Food Groups by pasting and labelling pictures from a supermarket flyer.
 - Novice: Create a table with Canada's Food Groups as column headings. Insert food words in the appropriate columns. Save, preview, and print.
 - **Experienced:** Create a table as in the Novice task. Format the table by using the Table Toolbar to shade cells and change the line style on the cell and table borders.

Skills: Open, Insert Text, Save As, Insert Table, Borders and Shading, Print Preview, Print

4. Look at a simple recipe. Write a shopping list for the ingredients.

Additional Tasks

ELLIS – Intro – Vocabulary Review – Meat, Dry Food, Dairy Foods, Fruit, Vegetables. Listen to the words. Practice using the Record Controls.

Skills: Open/Close Application, Select and Navigate Through Options, Recorder Controls, Mouse Skills



Health Care

Topic Development Ideas	Strategies for Learners
Classes might want to learn more about	Learners find it useful to
 accessing specialists Canada's health care system cultural attitudes toward medication, hospitalization, illness, birth, and death cultural differences in doctor-patient relations, role of hospital staff and patient families extended health care and dental plans provided by employers getting emergency medical treatment immunization for children making appointments to see a doctor or dentist medical expenses covered by OHIP outside Canada private health insurance services not covered by OHIP types of health care practitioners types of medical facilities and services 	 find a community health centre that can provide culturally sensitive care in different languages find a health practitioner who speaks own language go to community agencies or friends to get information about medical clinics keep doctor's phone number and local hospita number easily accessible use a dictionary or the assistance of a friend to fill out medical forms or understand medical terms use pamphlets translated into first language to access information about health care write out necessary information in advance of appointments

Resources for Developing and Teaching Topic

- Nearth A Canadian Conversation Book, Book One: Unit 8, "Health"
- Normality of the American Conversation Book 1, Revised Third Edition: Unit 9, "Health"
- Basic Grammar in Action: Unit 13, "A Visit to the Doctor"
- Second Edition: Unit 7, "The Body and Health"
- English Extra: Unit 8, "Somebody is sick with a cold"
- Foundations: Unit 11, "Health, Medicine, The Drug Store, The Doctor"
- Soing Places 1: Unit 21, "At the Doctor"
- 📚 Longman ESL Literacy Student Book: Unit 9, "Health"
- New Interchange Intro: Unit 12, "What's the matter?"
- Sontario Reader 1998: "East meets west in doctor's office"
- Health Canada Online: <u>http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca</u>
- Montario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care: <u>http://www.gov.on.ca/MOH</u>
- Settlement.org: <u>http://www.settlement.org</u> (Health, Health Insurance/OHIP)
- 🔑 health Canada, health Ontario



Health Care

Topic Outcomes (CLB 1)

Possible outcomes for this topic:

- use and respond to a few courtesy formulas
- request assistance
- sive basic personal information
- follow simple two- to five-word positive and negative commands and requests
- identify expressions used to request assistance
- identify details in a listening text: numbers, letters, a few keywords, short expressions
- understand common signs in medical buildings
- use a simplified diagram
- fill out a very basic five- to seven-item medical form
- describe personal health by filling in blanks in a short three- to five-sentence guided text about self or family

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary for health care (*dentist, doctor, nurse, clinic, hospital, appointment*)
- vocabulary for parts of body and medical conditions (*head, eyes, arm, hands, tooth, cold, fever, flu, cough, allergy*)
- vocabulary for expressing personal information (*name, address, phone number*)
- expressions for requesting assistance (*Can you* help me? I have a problem)
- adjectives (sick, hot, cold, thirsty, tired)
- imperatives
- verbs: *be, have*
- pronunciation: /k/ (earache, cold, cough, clinic)

Sample Tasks

- 1. Practice greeting and responding to classmates with health problems (e.g., *How are you? Not so good, What's the matter? I have an earache*, etc.).
- 2. Listen to a partner name different body parts. Identify the parts by pointing to them.
 - Novice: Identify body parts on a numbered diagram and word-process a corresponding numbered list. Complete the list by indicating how many of each part a person has (e.g., *head* [one], *ear* [two], *toe* [ten]).

Skills: Keyboarding, Insert Bullets and Numbering, Save As, Print Preview, Print

- 3. Read a list of body parts and search through magazines to locate and cut out matching pictures.
- 4. Complete a simple medical form for self or a family member.

Additional Tasks

Novice: Open an instructor-made file containing gapped sentences about medical conditions and a list of vocabulary. Cut the words and paste into the appropriate gaps (e.g., *I have an earache – My ear hurts*). Change the font of the gapped words. Preview and print.

Skills: Open, Cut, Paste, Font, Save As, Print Preview, Print

LINC 1