Finance & Banking Bank Accounts & Services

Classes might want to learn more about ...

- bank services such as safety deposit boxes, foreign currency, RRSPs, education funds, mortgages and loans
- **(i)** obtaining money orders and certified cheques
- **1** transferring money overseas
- procedures for obtaining personal loans or mortgages
- personal identification and documents needed for opening an account
- (i) service charges and different accounts
- **(1)** different types of financial institutions such as credit unions, Moneymart, trust companies
- ① credit and debit cards, credit cards with Airmiles or other features
- the future of smart cards
- reporting lost or stolen credit/debit cards
- **(i)** abbreviations on bank statements
- pre-authorized debits to accounts
- the social and ethical responsibility of banks and government regulatory bodies
- the implications of bank mergers

Learners find it useful to ...

- make a photocopy of bank and credit cards in case of loss
- practise filling out forms in advance
- wise ABMs, Internet or telephone banking services to avoid speaking problems
- practise intonation patterns in polite requests
- prepare a list of questions about services before talking to a bank employee

Suggested Resources

Canadian Bankers Association: www.cba.ca

My Financial Career

Toronto Dominion Bank: http://www.tdbank.ca/index.html

American Express Canada: http://www.americanexpress.com/canada/

Council of Canadians: http://www.canadians.org/cp.html

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LINC 4

Finance & Banking Bank Accounts & Services

Topic Outcomes

By the end of this topic, learners will be able to:

- describe a problem in person or on the telephone
- give information about a lost or stolen credit/debit card over the telephone
- follow instructions for using an automated banking machine
- ask for information about accounts and services in person or by telephone
- **get** specific information from bank brochures
- fill out forms (e.g. credit applications, power of attorney) using personal and other required information
- write a letter to a bank manager describing a problem

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary and expressions (personal identification number (PIN), investments, RRSP's, mortgage, joint account, power of attorney, savings, certified cheques, money order, drafts, chequing)
- sequence markers
- modals for requests (can, could, would)
- letter-writing conventions
- pronunciation: diphthongs (e.g. /oy/ joint) see Ellis – Master Pronunciation

Sample Language Tasks

- **1.** Role-play a customer complaint in the bank.
- **2.** Read a story about a current banking issue (e.g. bank mergers, internet banking) and list advantages and disadvantages to customers.
- **3.** Fill out a sample credit card application form.

Sample Computer Tasks

Computer Levels: Novice-Advanced

Computer Skills: Text Box, Line Style, Line Color, Fill Color

Experienced/Advanced: Insert the advantages/disadvantages in Language Task 2 in text boxes. Follow

instructions to apply line style, colour, and fill options to the text boxes.

Computer Skills: Open/Close application, select and navigate through options, mouse skills

All levels:

Ellis-Intro-Banking-Sections 1-3

Ellis-Master Pronunciation-Pronunciation-Vowels

Finance & Banking ■ Budgeting

Classes might want to learn more about ...

- cultural differences in budgeting (what is a necessity)
- ways to cut expenses (e.g. options on phone lines or cable TV)
- discount grocery stores, second hand clothing stores and thrift shops, flea markets
- ① budgeting for a small business
- **(1)** strategies for financing future expenses on a fixed income
- avoiding interest payments by paying entire balance on bills rather than making partial payments

Learners find it useful to ...

- scan grocery and department store flyers
- save coupons for discounts
- be active participants in classroom brainstorming, discussion activities
- prepare and use a checklist when giving and getting information about lowering expenses in person and on the telephone (e.g reducing cable services, eliminating options on telephone)

Suggested Resources

- 😻 I Can Do the Job Very Well
- Take Charge- Self-Help Series: Preparing a Realistic Budget
- Managing Money
 - Teach Me Finance: http://www.teachmefinance.com/
- budgeting

LINC 4

Finance & Banking ■ Budgeting

Topic Outcomes

By the end of this topic, learners will be able to:

- give and ask for suggestions about budgeting
- ask for information about cheaper products in person or on the telephone
- get specific information about discounts from brochures and flyers
- write down information received in person or by telephone

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary (discounts, flat rate, on sale, fixed/variable expenses)
- idioms (make ends meet, put the bread on the table, bring home the bacon, get by)
- modals for requests, suggestions and advice (could, might, should, must)
- numeracy skills (basic mathematical operations, percentages)
- pronunciation: expressions for suggestions and advice see Ellis Master Pronunciation

Sample Language Tasks

- 1. Negotiate ways to cut regular expenses on telephone bill, cable TV, grocery bills.
- **2.** Read a case study where a family's expenses are higher than their income. Decide which of the expenses can be cut down to meet the family budget.
- **3.** List own monthly expenses and income.

Sample Computer Tasks

Computer Levels: Novice-Advanced

Computer Skills: Open/Close application, select and navigate through options, mouse skills

All levels:

Ellis-Senior Mastery-Budgeting for a Semester-Budgeting for a Month

Ellis-Master Pronunciation - Speech Acts-Getting Things Done-Offer Suggestions

Computer Skills: Spreadsheet basics, creating simple formulae, AutoSum, Format Cell (Dollar, Percent) **Experienced/Advanced:** Insert monthly expenses in a blank worksheet. Follow instructions to create simple formulae (multiply or subtract cell contents) and apply functions (percentage, sum, dollar sign) to calculate total income, total expenses, and monthly savings.

Finance & Banking • Credit Cards

Classes might want to learn more about ...

- international transactions using a credit card
- ① limiting the number of credit cards they have to avoid over extending themselves financially
- the difference between credit and debit cards
- (i) cash advances from merchants
- (i) using credit cards wisely
- ① using the Automated Banking Machine (ABM) to get cash advances on a credit card
- credit cards with Air Miles or other features
- the necessity of having a credit card for certain transactions such as renting a car, ordering products by telephone and the Internet
- security issues related to using credit cards

Learners find it useful to ...

- compare interest rates and services with different credit card companies before applying for a card
- read the fine print on the credit card application and at the back of monthly statements
- ♦ avoid using credit cards for cash advances
- ask for repetition, restatement in simpler language when getting information over the telephone
- identify key words when listening

Suggested Resources

- Ontario Reader 1998: "Credit"
- Local banks and credit card companies

Canadian Bankers Association: www.cba.ca

American Express Canada: http://www.americanexpress.com/canada/

Bank of Montreal-Click NetBanking: http://www.bmo.com/

credit card, enter credit card name (e.g. visa)

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Finance & Banking • Credit Cards

Topic Outcomes

By the end of this topic, learners will be able to:

- express necessity and reason (You need a credit card to rent a car.)
- ask for advice about using a credit card
- ask for information from credit card companies on the telephone
- find specific information in brochures and statements from various credit card companies
- read ABM instructions for getting a cash advance on a credit card
- compare facts to make choices
- fill out a credit card application form

Language Focus

Items to help learners achieve the outcomes:

- vocabulary (credit limit, credit adjustment, credit available, minimum payment, transaction, cash advance, bad debt, outstanding balance, major credit card)
- comparative and superlative adjectives
- modals for polite requests, suggestions and advice (could, can would, should, must)
- real conditionals (If you get a cash advance on a credit card, you will pay a high rate of interest.)
- pronunciation: non-final intonation with conditionals

Sample Language Tasks

- **1.** Role-play reporting a lost or stolen credit card.
- **2.** Find specific information on a credit card statement by scanning.
- **3.** Complete a chart comparing the interest rates and services of three major credit cards.

Sample Computer Tasks

Computer Levels: Novice-Advanced **Computer Skills:** Keyboarding, Save As

Novice: Word-process text comparing the services of three credit card companies.

Computer Skills: Spreadsheet basics, Insert/Edit/Format Cell, Chart Wizard

Experienced/Advanced: Insert data in Language Task 3. Use chart wizard to create a suitable chart for

the data. Print chart for class display.